UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM

10-O

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to ____

Commission File No. 001-41384

HANOVER BANCORP, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

New York (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

81-3324480 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

80 East Jericho Turnpike, Mineola, NY 11501 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(<u>516) 548-8500</u> (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock	HNVR	NASDAQ

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

> Large accelerated filer \Box Non-accelerated filer ⊠

Accelerated filer \Box Smaller reporting company ⊠ Emerging growth company \boxtimes

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<u>Common Stock, \$0.01 par value</u>	<u>7,181,092 Shares</u>
(Title of Class)	(Outstanding as of April 30, 2023)

HANOVER BANCORP, INC. Form 10-Q For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2023

Table of Contents

		Page
	<u>PART I</u>	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	3
	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of March 31, 2023 (unaudited) and September 30, 2022	3
	Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited) for the Three and Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	4
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) for the Three and Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	5
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) for the Three and Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	6
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022	8
	Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	9
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	31
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	43
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	44
	PART II	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	45
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	45
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	45
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	45
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	45
Item 5.	Other Information	45
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	46
	<u>Signatures</u>	47

PART I ITEM 1. – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS HANOVER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

ASSETS		rch 31, 2023 inaudited)	Sept	ember 30, 2022
Cash and non-interest-bearing deposits due from banks	\$	9,182	\$	9,934
Interest-bearing deposits due from banks		194,712		139,559
Federal funds sold		461		454
Total cash and cash equivalents		204,355		149,947
Securities:				
Held to maturity (fair value of \$4,011 and \$4,095, respectively)		4,263		4,414
Available for sale, at fair value		11,849		12,285
Total securities		16,112		16,699
Loans held for investment		1,787,365		1,623,531
Allowance for loan losses		(14,879)		(12,844)
Loans held for investment, net		1,772,486		1,610,687
Premises and equipment, net		15,692		14,462
Operating lease assets		11,008		_
Accrued interest receivable		10,200		8,546
Prepaid pension		3,456		3,444
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB"), at cost		8,036		6,280
Goodwill		19,168		19,168
Other intangible assets		362		399
Loan servicing rights		4,429		4,353
Deferred income taxes		2,192		2,508
Other assets		4,224		3,565
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,071,720	\$	1,840,058
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Deposits:				
Non-interest-bearing demand	\$	178,592	\$	219,225
Savings, NOW and money market		1,097,830		969,808
Time		430,852		339,073
Total deposits		1,707,274		1,528,106
Borrowings		136,962		101,752
Subordinated debentures		24,594		24,568
Operating lease liabilities		11,711		_
Accrued interest payable		1,391		915
Other liabilities		9,266		12,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,891,198		1,667,474
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		_		_
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, Series A (par value \$0.01; 15,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding 150,000 and none, respectively)		2,963		_
Common stock (par value \$0.01; 17,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding 7,181,092 and 7,285,648, respectively)		72		73
Surplus		124,883		126,656
Retained earnings		53,545		46,475
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	(941)		(620)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		180,522		172,584
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	2,071,720	\$	1,840,058
	_		_	

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

HANOVER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mo Mare	nths Ended ch 31,		ths Ended ch 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
INTEREST INCOME				
Loans	\$ 23,941	\$ 15,749	\$ 45,920	\$ 32,130
Taxable securities	198	106	410	260
Other interest income	921	86	1,302	167
Total interest income	25,060	15,941	47,632	32,557
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	7,792	345	12,556	711
Time deposits	2,383	401	3,930	892
Borrowings	961	451	1,958	941
Total interest expense	11,136	1,197	18,444	2,544
Net interest income	13,924	14,744	29,188	30,013
Provision for loan losses	932	500	2,432	1,400
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	12,992	14,244	26,756	28,613
NON-INTEREST INCOME				
Loan servicing and fee income	539	734	1,217	1,424
Service charges on deposit accounts	67	46	130	109
Gain on sale of loans held-for-sale	995	1,575	1,573	3,067
Gain on sale of securities available-for-sale	—	105		105
Other income	155	212	247	343
Total non-interest income	1,756	2,672	3,167	5,048
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE				
Salaries and employee benefits	5,564	5,618	9,896	10,557
Occupancy and equipment	1,537	1,370	3,014	2,783
Data processing	441	392	859	759
Advertising and promotion	183	153	333	186
Professional fees	881	640	1,564	1,139
Other expenses	1,961	1,184	3,172	2,198
Total non-interest expense	10,567	9,357	18,838	17,622
Income before income tax expense	4,181	7,559	11,085	16,039
Income tax expense	972	1,699	2,538	3,642
NET INCOME	\$ 3,209	\$ 5,860	\$ 8,547	\$ 12,397
Earnings per share:				
BASIC	\$ 0.44	\$ 1.02	\$ 1.17	\$ 2.19
DILUTED	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.15	\$ 2.15
	φ 0.+5	φ 1.00	φ 1,10	φ 2,10

4

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

HANOVER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					Six Months Ende March 31,			
		2023		2022		2023	2022		
Net income	\$	3,209	\$	5,860	\$	8,547	\$ 12,397		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:			_						
Change in unrealized loss on securities available for sale arising									
during the period, net of tax of (\$61), (\$177), (\$88) and (\$159),									
respectively		(226)		(264)		(321)	(210)		
Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income, net of									
tax of \$0, (\$24), \$0 and (\$24), respectively				(81)			(81)		
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(226)		(345)		(321)	(291)		
Total comprehensive income, net of tax	\$	2,983	\$	5,515	\$	8,226	\$ 12,106		

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

HANOVER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	For the Three and Six Months Ended March 31, 2023										
	Common Stock (Shares)	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, Net	Total Stockholders' Equity				
Beginning balance as of											
October 1, 2022	7,285,648	\$ —	\$ 73	\$ 126,656	\$ 46,475	\$ (620)	\$ 172,584				
Net income	_	_	—	_	5,338	—	5,338				
Other comprehensive loss,											
net of tax	_		—	—	—	(95)	(95)				
Cash dividends declared											
(\$0.10 per share)	_	_	_	_	(739)	_	(739)				
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	439	—	—	439				
Stock awards granted	3,000		—	—	—	—	—				
Shares received related to tax											
withholding	(262)	—	—	(5)	—	—	(5)				
Preferred stock issued in											
exchange for common stock	(150,000)	2,963	(2)	(2,961)	—	—					
Exercise of stock options	10,614			106			106				
Ending balance as of											
December 31, 2022	7,149,000	\$ 2,963	\$ 71	\$ 124,235	\$ 51,074	\$ (715)	\$ 177,628				
Net income	—		—	—	3,209	—	3,209				
Other comprehensive loss,											
net of tax	—		—	—	—	(226)	(226)				
Cash dividends declared											
(\$0.10 per share)	—		_	—	(738)	—	(738)				
Stock-based compensation	—		—	794	—	—	794				
Stock awards granted, net of											
forfeitures	39,513	—	1	(1)		_	_				
Shares received related to tax											
withholding	(7,421)		_	(145)	_	_	(145)				
Ending balance as of March											
31, 2023	7,181,092	\$ 2,963	\$ 72	\$ 124,883	\$ 53,545	\$ (941)	\$ 180,522				

	For the Three and Six Months Ended March 31, 2022										
	Common Stock (Shares)	Preferred Stock		ommon Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net	Total Stockholders' Equity			
Beginning balance as of	<u> </u>						<u> </u>				
October 1, 2021	5,563,426	\$ —	\$	56	\$ 97,246	\$ 24,971	\$ 256	\$ 122,529			
Net income				—	_	6,537		6,537			
Other comprehensive income,											
net of tax				—	—	—	54	54			
Issuance of common stock in											
lieu of directors' fees	2,384			_	42	_		42			
Stock-based compensation,											
net	(3,011)				217			217			
Ending balance as of											
December 31, 2021	5,562,799	\$ _	\$	56	\$ 97,505	\$ 31,508	\$ 310	\$ 129,379			
Net income				—	—	5,860		5,860			
Other comprehensive loss, net											
of tax				—	—	—	(345)	(345)			
Cash dividends declared											
(\$0.10 per share)	—					(588)		(588)			
Stock-based compensation					462	_		462			
Stock awards granted, net of											
forfeitures	266,770			2	(2)	_		—			
Ending balance as of											
March 31, 2022	5,829,569	\$	\$	58	\$ 97,965	\$ 36,780	\$ (35)	\$ 134,768			

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

HANOVER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

20232022Cash flows from operating activities:Net income\$ 8,547\$ 12,397Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:Provision for loan losses2,4321,400Depreciation and amortization850819Change in operating lease assets793-Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale-(105)Stock-based compensation1,233679Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale(1,573)(3,067)		S	ix Months En	ded N	/Iarch 31,
Net income \$ 8,547 \$ 12,397 Adjustments for reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 2,432 1,400 Depreciation and amortization 850 819 Change in operating lease assets 793 — Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale — (1573) (3,667) Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs (359) (2,743) Amortization of intangible assets 37 42 Amortization of debt issuance costs 26 28 Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments 272 225 Deferred tax expense (1,654) 1,469 Increase in onter habilities (2,266) (1,654) Decrease in accrued interest payable 476 (310) Decrease in onter habilities (2,266) (1,653) Cash flows from investing activities 7,495 Purchases of securities available-for-sale 2,105 Principal repayments of securities head to matrity 149 3,978 Principal repayments of securities head to matrity 149					
Net income \$ 8,547 \$ 12,397 Adjustments for reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 2,432 1,400 Depreciation and amortization 850 819 Change in operating lease assets 793 — Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale — (1573) (3,667) Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs (359) (2,743) Amortization of intangible assets 37 42 Amortization of debt issuance costs 26 28 Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments 272 225 Deferred tax expense (1,654) 1,469 Increase in onter habilities (2,266) (1,654) Decrease in accrued interest payable 476 (310) Decrease in onter habilities (2,266) (1,653) Cash flows from investing activities 7,495 Purchases of securities available-for-sale 2,105 Principal repayments of securities head to matrity 149 3,978 Principal repayments of securities head to matrity 149	Cash flows from operating activities:				
Provision for loan losses2,4321,400Deprectation and amorization850819Change in operating lease assets793—Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale—(105)Stock-based compensation1,233679Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale(1,573)(3,067)Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs(358)(2,2743)Amoritzation of intangible assets3742Amoritzation of debt issuance costs2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978(Increase) in decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,021)(438)Increase in other labilities(2,266)(1,636)Change in operating lease liabilities(2,266)(1,636)Change in operating lease liabilities(2,266)(1,636)Change in operating activities		\$	8,547	\$	12,397
Depreciation and amortization18501819Change in operating lease assets793—Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale—(105)Stock-based compensation1,233679Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale(1,573)(3,067)Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs(358)(2,743)Amortization of intangible assets3742Amortization of intangible assets3742Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense(406)978(Increase) in correase in accrued interest receivable(1,1621)(438)Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in other liabilities(2,266)(1,630)Change in operating lease liabilities(705)—Perceds from sales of restricted securities(3,343)(1,157)Proceeds from sales of restricted securities(3,434)(1,157)Proceeds from sales of loss22,37654,512Principal repayments of securities hald to maturity149,3,978Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale(16,508)(31,060)Proceeds from sales of loss22,37654,512Net cash used in investing activities:(16,508)(31,060)Principal repayments of securities hald to maturity149,3,978Principal repayments of securities hald to maturity(16,308)(31,060)Principal repayments of securities hald to maturity	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Change in operating lease assets793—Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale—(1573)Stock-based compensation1,233679Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale(1,573)(3,067)Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs(358)(2,743)Amortization of intargible assets3742Amortization of intargible assets2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978(Increase) in oher assets(1,654)1,469Decrease in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in oher assets(1,021)(438)Increase in oher assets(1,021)(438)Increase in oher assets(1,021)(438)Increase in oher assets(1,021)(438)Increase in oher assets(2,266)(1,630)Change in operating lease liabilities(705)Net cash provided by operating activities(3,343)(1,157)Proceeds from investing activities31,6781,239Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale-2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Redemptions of restricted securities31,6781,239Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Redemptions of restricted securities(1,630)(31,060)Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298 <t< td=""><td>Provision for loan losses</td><td></td><td>2,432</td><td></td><td>1,400</td></t<>	Provision for loan losses		2,432		1,400
Net gån on sale of securities available-for-sale — (165) Stock-based compensation 1,233 679 Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs (358) (2,733) Amortization of intangible assets 37 42 Amortization of intangible assets 26 28 Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments 272 225 Deferred tax expense (1,654) 1,469 Increase (in other assets (1,021) (438) Increase (in other assets (2,266) (1,630) Decrease in other liabilities (2,266) (1,630) Change in operating lease liabilities (2,266) (1,572) Purchases of restricted securities (33,434) (1,157) Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale 26 28 Redemptions of restricted securities 31,678 1,259 Principal repayments of securities	Depreciation and amortization		850		819
Stock-based compensation 1,233 679 Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale (1,573) (3,067) Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs 37 42 Amortization of fundinguithe assets 37 42 Amortization of debt issuance costs 26 28 Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments 272 235 Deferred tax expense 406 978 (Increase) in other assets (1,021) (438) Increase in other assets (1,021) (438) Increase in other liabilities (2,266) (1,653) Change in operating lease liabilities (705) Ant flows from investing activities 7,495 9,748 Purchases of restricted securities and lable-for-sale 2,105 Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale 2,105 Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale 26 298 Redemptions of restricted securities 31,678 1,259 Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale 22,376 54,512	Change in operating lease assets		793		
Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale(1,573)(3,067)Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs(358)(2,743)Amortization of intangible assets3742Amortization of intangible assets3742Amortization of lot issuance costs2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustnents272235Deferred tax expense(1,654)1,469(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,654)1,469Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in other labilities(7,05)Net cash provided by operating activities7,4959,748Purchases of restricted securities available-for-sale2,105Purchases of restricted securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Redemptions of restricted securities31,6781,259Princeds from sales of loans22,37654,512Net increase in loans(2,236)(31,060)Net cash used in investing activities:(166,308)(31,060)Net increase in deposits179,45866,225Advances of term alley of thorwings237,72520,000Repayments of Securities and equipment(2,060)(24,000)Repayments of Federal Reserve Bank borrowings(2,13,221)(18,023)Net increase in deposits119,45866,225Advances of term and overnight borrowings213,772520,000 <t< td=""><td>Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>(105)</td></t<>	Net gain on sale of securities available-for-sale		_		(105)
Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs(358)(2,743)Amortization of intangible assets3742Amortization of debt issuance costs2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,654)1,469Increase in other assets(1,021)(438)Increase in other assets(1,021)(438)Increase in other assets(2,266)(1,630)Change in operating lease liabilities(2,266)(1,630)Change in operating activities7,4959,748Cash flows from investing activities-2,105Proceeds from investing activities-2,105Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale-2,2376Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,2,37654,512Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale2,2,37654,512Proceeds from sales of loans22,37654,512Net increase in loans(165,023)(31,060)Cash flows from financing activities(166,308)(36,008)Proceeds from altic securities179,45866,225Advances of trem and overnight borrowings(2,955)(79,729)Payments of Federal Reserve Bank borrowings(2,955)(79,729)Payments of Federal Reserve Bank borrowings(2,955)(79,729)Payments of Federal Reserve Bank borrowings213,221(18,092)Cash	Stock-based compensation		1,233		679
Amortization of intragible assets3742Amortization of debt issuance costs2628Lean servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978[Increase] decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,654)1,469Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in other assets(1,021)(438)Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable(705)Net cash provided by operating activities7,4959,748Purchases of restricted securities(1,577)9,748Purchases of restricted securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Redemptions of restricted securities31,6781,259Proceeds from sales of loans22,37654,512Net increase in loans(165,003)(31,406)Purchases of premises and equipment(166,308)(31,609)Cash flows from financing activities:2,0800Net increase in deposits179,45866,225Advances of term inde subhorowings23,72520,0000Repayments of FHLB advances(166,309)(24,000)Repayments of FHLB advances213,221(18,092)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents54,408(39,404)Cash provided by (used in) financing activities213,221(18,092)Increase in deposits106Cash dividends paid(1,463)	Net gain on sale of loans held-for-sale		(1,573)		(3,067)
Amorization of debt issuance costs2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,654)1,469Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in other lassiti(705)Net cash provided by operating activities(705)Cash flows from investing activities(3,344)(1,157)Purchases of restricted securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,237654,512Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,237654,512Vert cash used in investing activities(166,308)(31,060)Net cash used in investing activities(19,500)(24,000)Redemptions of restricted securities237,72520,000Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(54,90)Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(58,023)Net increase in donso(14,63)(24,800)Ordeapside and overnight borrowings237,72520,000Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(58,90)Increase (increase) in cash and cash equivalents54,408(39,404)Cash flows from financing activities(14,63)(58,90)Increase (increase) in cash and cash equivalents54,408<	Net accretion of premiums, discounts and loan fees and costs		(358)		(2,743)
Amorization of debt issuance costs2628Loan servicing rights valuation adjustments272235Deferred tax expense406978(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable(1,654)1,469Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable476(310)Decrease in other lassiti(705)Net cash provided by operating activities(705)Cash flows from investing activities(3,344)(1,157)Purchases of restricted securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,105Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale26298Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,237654,512Principal repayments of securities available-for-sale2,237654,512Vert cash used in investing activities(166,308)(31,060)Net cash used in investing activities(19,500)(24,000)Redemptions of restricted securities237,72520,000Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(54,90)Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(58,023)Net increase in donso(14,63)(24,800)Ordeapside and overnight borrowings237,72520,000Repayments of Feturities(14,63)(58,90)Increase (increase) in cash and cash equivalents54,408(39,404)Cash flows from financing activities(14,63)(58,90)Increase (increase) in cash and cash equivalents54,408<	Amortization of intangible assets		37		42
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See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

Hanover Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company"), is a New York corporation which is the holding company for Hanover Community Bank (the "Bank"). The Bank, headquartered in Mineola, New York, is a New York State chartered bank. The Bank commenced operations on November 4, 2008 and is a full-service bank providing personal and business lending and deposit services. As a New York State chartered, non-Federal Reserve member bank, the Bank is subject to regulation by the New York State Department of Financial Services ("DFS") and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Company is subject to regulation and examination by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "FRB").

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of the Company's management, the preceding unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of normal accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition as of March 31, 2023, its consolidated statements of income for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, its consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, its consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 and its consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

In addition, the preceding unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X, as well as in accordance with predominant practices within the banking industry. They do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the remainder of the fiscal year. The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Unless the context otherwise requires, references herein to the Company include the Company and the Bank on a consolidated basis.

Risks and Uncertainties

Recent industry events have transpired, including the failures of Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") headquartered in Santa Clara, California and Signature Bank headquartered in New York, New York in March 2023, which have led to uncertainty and concerns regarding the liquidity positions of the banking sector. SVB was placed into receivership on March 10, 2023, marking the second largest bank failure in U.S. history. Signature Bank was placed into receivership on March 12, 2023, marking the third largest bank failure in U.S. history.

Both banks appear to have had high ratios of uninsured deposits to total deposits when compared to industry average. These failures underscore the importance of maintaining access to diverse sources of funding. The Company's deposit base includes a combination of consumer, commercial, and public funds deposits, with a low level of uninsured deposit balances.

Market conditions and external factors may unpredictably impact the competitive landscape for deposits in the banking industry. Additionally, the rising interest rate environment has increased competition for liquidity and the premium at which liquidity is available to meet funding needs. The Company believes the sources of liquidity presented in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements are sufficient to meet its needs on the balance sheet date.

An unexpected influx of withdrawals of deposits could adversely impact the Company's ability to rely on organic deposits to primarily fund its operations, potentially requiring greater reliance on secondary sources of liquidity to meet withdrawal demands or to fund continuing operations. These sources may include proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances, sales of investment securities and loans, federal funds lines of credit from correspondent banks, and out-of market time deposits.

Such reliance on secondary funding sources could increase the Company's overall cost of funding and thereby reduce net income. While the Company believes its current sources of liquidity are adequate to fund operations, there is no guarantee they will suffice to meet future liquidity demands. This may necessitate slowing or discontinuing loan growth, capital expenditures, or other investments, or liquidating assets.

Accounting Policies

<u>Allowance for Loan Losses</u> – The Company considers the determination of the allowance for loan losses its most critical accounting policy, practice, and use of estimates. The Company uses available information to recognize probable and reasonably estimable losses on loans. Future additions to the allowance may be necessary based upon changes in economic, market or other conditions. Changes in estimates could result in a material change in the allowance. The allowance for loan losses is increased by a provision for loan losses charged against income and is decreased by charge-offs, net of recoveries. Loan losses are recognized in the period the loans, or portion thereof, are deemed uncollectible. The adequacy of the allowance to cover any inherent loan losses in the portfolio is evaluated on a quarterly basis.

<u>Loans and Loan Interest Income Recognition</u> - Loans that the Company has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff, are reported at the principal balance outstanding, net of purchase premiums and discounts, deferred loan fees and costs and an allowance for loan losses. The loan portfolio is segmented into residential real estate, multi-family, commercial real estate, commercial and industrial, construction and land development, and consumer loans.

Interest income on loans is accrued and credited to income as earned. Net loan origination fees and costs are deferred and accreted/amortized to interest income over the contractual life of loans using the level-yield method, adjusted for actual prepayments.

Loans that are acquired are initially recorded at fair value with no carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. After acquisition, losses are recognized through the allowance for loan losses. Determining the fair value of the loans involves estimating the amount and timing of expected principal and interest cash flows to be collected on the loans and discounting those cash flows at a market interest rate. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company had loans totaling \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, which at the time of acquisition, showed evidence of credit deterioration since origination.

Loans Held for Sale - Mortgage loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or estimated fair value as determined by outstanding commitments from investors. Periodically, the Company originates various residential mortgage loans for sale to investors generally on a servicing released basis. The sale of such loans is generally arranged through a master commitment on a best-efforts basis. Net unrealized losses, if any, are recorded as a valuation allowance and charged to earnings. Premiums, discounts, origination fees and costs on loans held for sale are deferred and recognized as a component of the gain or loss on sale. Gains and losses on sales of loans held for sale are included in other income, recognized on settlement date and are determined to be the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the loans. These transactions are accounted for as sales based on satisfaction of the criteria for such accounting which provides that, as transferor, the Company has surrendered control of the loans.

For liquidity purposes generally, there are instances when loans originated with the intent to hold in the portfolio are subsequently transferred to loans held for sale. At transfer, they are carried at the lower of cost or fair value.

<u>Series A Preferred Stock</u> - Holders of the Company's Series A preferred stock will be entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by the Company's board of directors, in the same per share amount as the common stockholders. No dividends will be payable on the common stock unless a dividend identical to that paid on the common stock is payable at the same time on the Series A preferred stock, therefore Series A preferred stock is treated as common stock for EPS calculations. Series A preferred stock has no voting rights. In the event of a dissolution of the Company, Series A preferred stock is entitled to the payment of any declared and unpaid dividend, and then will share in dissolution proceeds, if any, with the shares of common stock.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016 02, Leases (Topic 842). The FASB amended existing guidance that requires lessees recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date: (1) A lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (2) A right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. The new guidance also requires enhanced disclosure about an entity's leasing arrangements. The Company adopted Topic 842 using the transition approach of applying the new leases standard at the beginning of the period of adoption on October 1, 2022. The new guidance includes a number of optional transition-related practical expedients that must be elected as a package and applied by a reporting entity to all of its leases consistently. The Company has elected to apply the package of practical expedients to all its existing leases, which among other things, allowed the Company to carry forward the historical lease classification as operating leases in accordance with previous GAAP. The effect of adopting this standard in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition was a \$10 million increase in operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities as of October 1, 2022.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The amendments introduce an impairment model that is based on current expected credit losses ("CECL"), rather than incurred losses, to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments (i.e. loans and held to maturity securities), including certain off-balance sheet financial instruments (i.e. commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit that are not unconditionally cancellable). The CECL standard should consider historical information, current information, and reasonable and supportable forecasts, including estimates of prepayments, over the contractual term. An entity must use judgment in determining the relevant information and estimation methods that are appropriate in its circumstances. Financial instruments with similar risk characteristics may be grouped together when estimating credit losses. The allowance for credit losses for purchased financial assets with a more-than-insignificant amount of credit deterioration since origination that are measured at amortized cost basis is determined in a similar manner to other financial assets measured at amortized cost basis; however, the initial estimate of expected credit loss would be recognized through an allowance for credit losses with an offset (i.e. increase) to the purchase price at acquisition. Only subsequent changes in the allowance for credit losses are recorded as provision for loan losses for these assets. The ASU also amends the current available for sale security impairment model for debt securities whereby credit losses relating to available for sale debt securities should be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. As the Company is a smallerreporting company under SEC regulations, the Company will adopt CECL on October 1, 2023. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the CECL model will have on our accounting and allowance for loans losses. The Company has selected a third-party firm to assist in the development of a CECL model to assist in the calculation of the allowance for loan and lease losses in preparation for the change to the expected loss model. The Company will engage a third-party firm to perform a model validation of our CECL model. The Company is also in the process of updating its policies and internal controls accordingly. The Company may recognize a one-time cumulative-effect adjustment to our allowance for loan losses as of October 1, 2023, consistent with regulatory expectations set forth in interagency guidance. The Company cannot yet determine the magnitude of any such one-time cumulative adjustment or of the overall impact of the new standard on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In March 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-02, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures. The ASU made certain targeted amendments specific to troubled debt restructurings (TDRs) by creditors and vintage disclosure related to gross write-offs. Upon adoption, the Company will be required to apply the loan and refinancing and restructuring guidance to determine whether a modification results in a new loan or a continuation of an existing loan, rather than applying the recognition and measurement guidance for TDRs. The ASU also requires companies to disclose current-period gross write-offs by year of origination for financing receivables and net investment in leases within scope of Subtopic 326-20. ASU 2022-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022 for entities that have adopted ASU 2016-13, otherwise effective date is the same as ASU 2016-13. The Company will adopt ASU 2016-13 effective October 1, 2023 and will simultaneously implement ASU 2022-02.

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The two-class method is used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS"). Under the two-class method, earnings available to common shareholders for the period are allocated between common shareholders and participating securities according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. The restricted stock awards granted by the Company contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends and therefore are considered participating securities.

The Company's basic and diluted EPS calculations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 follows. There were no stock options that were antidilutive for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					x Months En	March 31,	
(in thousands, except share and per share data)		2023	_	2022	_	2023		2022
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	3,209	\$	5,860	\$	8,547	\$	12,397
Less: Dividends paid and earnings allocated to participating securities		(137)		(271)		(348)		(381)
Income attributable to common stock	\$	3,072	\$	5,589	\$	8,199	\$	12,016
Weighted average common shares outstanding, including participating securities	s	7,324,036		5,753,513		7,308,317		5,657,179
Less: Weighted average participating securities		(313,463)		(261,126)		(298,583)		(166,764)
Weighted average common shares outstanding		7,010,573		5,492,387		7,009,734		5,490,415
Basic EPS	\$	0.44	\$	1.02	\$	1.17	\$	2.19
	_		_					
Income attributable to common stock	\$	3,072	\$	5,589	\$	8,199	\$	12,016
Weighted average common shares outstanding		7,010,573		5,492,387		7,009,734		5,490,415
Weighted average common equivalent shares outstanding		92,233		96,329		93,318		96,108
Weighted average common and equivalent shares outstanding		7,102,806		5,588,716		7,103,052		5,586,523
Diluted EPS	\$	0.43	\$	1.00	\$	1.15	\$	2.15

3. SECURITIES

At the time of purchase of a security, the Company designates the security as either available for sale or held to maturity, depending upon investment objectives, liquidity needs and intent.

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of securities available for sale and securities held to maturity at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022 and the corresponding amounts of gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income:

	March 31, 2023								
	Gross Amortized Unrealized				U	Gross nrealized			
(in thousands)		Cost	(Gains		Losses	F	air Value	
Available for sale:									
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	348	\$		\$	(107)	\$	241	
Corporate bonds		12,700		—		(1,092)		11,608	
Total available for sale securities	\$	13,048	\$		\$	(1,199)	\$	11,849	
Held to maturity:									
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	1,656	\$		\$	(124)	\$	1,532	
U.S. GSE commercial mortgage-backed securities		2,607				(128)		2,479	
Total held to maturity securities		4,263		_		(252)		4,011	
Total investment securities	\$	17,311	\$	_	\$	(1,451)	\$	15,860	

	September 30, 2022									
(in thousands)	Gross Gross Amortized Unrealized Unrealized						Б	air Value		
Available for sale:		Cost		Gallis		Lusses	F	air value		
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	375	\$		\$	(133)	\$	242		
Corporate bonds		12,700		—		(657)		12,043		
Total available for sale securities	\$	13,075	\$	_	\$	(790)	\$	12,285		
Held to maturity:										
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	1,778	\$	—	\$	(160)	\$	1,618		
U.S. GSE commercial mortgage-backed securities		2,636		_		(159)		2,477		
Total held to maturity securities		4,414				(319)		4,095		
Total investment securities	\$	17,489	\$		\$	(1,109)	\$	16,380		

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities at March 31, 2023, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single date are shown separately.

		March	31, 20	23
(in thousands)	A	mortized Cost		Fair Value
Securities available for sale:				
Five to ten years	\$	12,700	\$	11,608
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities		348		241
Total securities available for sale		13,048		11,849
Securities held to maturity:				
One to five years		_		—
Five to ten years		_		
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities		1,656		1,532
U.S. GSE commercial mortgage-backed securities		2,607		2,479
Total securities held to maturity		4,263		4,011
Total investment securities	\$	17,311	\$	15,860

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, investment securities with a carrying amount of \$1.9 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes required or permitted by law.

There were no sales of securities for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023. There were \$2.1 million of proceeds on sales of securities available for sale with gross gains of \$105 thousand for the three and six months ended March 31, 2022.

The following tables summarize gross unrealized losses and fair values of investment securities aggregated by investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022.

						М	arch	31, 2023				
	Le	ess than Tv	welve I	Months	T۱	welve Mon	ths or	Longer			Total	
(in thousands, except number of securities)	Fa	ir Value	Uni	Gross realized losses	Fa	air Value_	Un	Gross realized Losses	Number of Securities	F	air Value	Gross nrealized Losses
Available-for-sale:												
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	241	\$	(107)	5	\$	241	\$ (107)
Corporate bonds		7,331		(669)		3,077		(423)	6		10,408	(1,092)
Total available-for-sale	\$	7,331	\$	(669)	\$	3,318	\$	(530)	11	\$	10,649	\$ (1,199)
Held-to-maturity:												
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed												
securities	\$		\$	_	\$	1,532	\$	(124)	4	\$	1,532	\$ (124)
U.S. GSE commercial mortgage-												
backed securities		2,479		(128)		—			1		2,479	(128)
Total held-to-maturity	\$	2,479	\$	(128)	\$	1,532	\$	(124)	5	\$	4,011	\$ (252)

						Sept	embe	er 30, 2022					
	L	ess than Tv	velve	Months	Тพ	elve Mont	hs or	Longer			Total		
				Gross realized				Gross realized	Number of				Gross realized
(in thousands, except number of securities)	Fa	air Value	I	losses	Fai	ir Value		Losses	Securities	F	air Value	1	osses
Available-for-sale:													
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed													
securities	\$	152	\$	(126)	\$	90	\$	(7)	6	\$	242	\$	(133)
Corporate bonds		10,843		(657)					6		10,843		(657)
Total available-for-sale	\$	10,995	\$	(783)	\$	90	\$	(7)	12	\$	11,085	\$	(790)
Held-to-maturity:													
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed													
securities	\$	1,618	\$	(160)	\$	—	\$		4	\$	1,618	\$	(160)
U.S. GSE commercial mortgage-													
backed securities		2,477		(159)		_		_	1		2,477		(159)
Total held-to-maturity	\$	4,095	\$	(319)	\$	_	\$		5	\$	4,095	\$	(319)

There was no other than temporary impairment loss recognized on any securities at March 31, 2023 or September 30, 2022.

4. LOANS

The following table sets forth the classification of the Company's loans by loan portfolio segment for the periods presented.

	Μ	larch 31, 2023	Sept	ember 30, 2022
(in thousands)				
Residential real estate	\$	595,944	\$	515,316
Multi-family		587,610		574,413
Commercial real estate		525,590		472,511
Commercial and industrial		58,286		45,758
Construction and land development		15,625		12,871
Consumer		189		22
Gross loans		1,783,244		1,620,891
Net deferred loan fees and costs		4,121		2,640
Total loans		1,787,365		1,623,531
Allowance for loan losses		(14,879)		(12,844)
Total loans, net	\$	1,772,486	\$	1,610,687

The Company was a participant in the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"), administered by the Small Business Administration under the CARES Act, to provide guaranteed loans to qualifying businesses and organizations. These loans carry a fixed rate of 1.00% and a term of two years (loans made before June 5, 2020, subject to extension to five years with the consent of the lender) or five years (loans made on or after June 5, 2020), if not forgiven, in whole or in part. As of March 31, 2023, borrowers had received forgiveness or had made payments on \$361.1 million in PPP loans. The Company's PPP loans outstanding, included in commercial and industrial loans in the table above, totaled \$5.0 million and \$10.2 million at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company was servicing approximately \$252.2 million and \$246.0 million, respectively, of loans for others. The Company had no loans held for sale at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022.

Purchased Credit Impaired Loans

The Company has purchased loans, for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The carrying amount for those loans is as follows:

	March	31, 2023	Septen	nber 30, 2022
(in thousands)				
Commercial real estate	\$	568	\$	602
Commercial and industrial		146		629
Total recorded investment	\$	714	\$	1,231

The Company has recorded an allowance for loan losses of \$0 and \$50 thousand related to these loans at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, two purchased credit impaired loans acquired in the Savoy Bank acquisition totaling \$457 thousand were charged off to the allowance for loan losses.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company sold loans totaling approximately \$12.8 million and \$16.2 million, respectively, recognizing net gains of \$1.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. For the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company sold loans totaling approximately \$20.8 million and \$51.4 million, respectively, recognizing net gains of \$1.6 million, respectively.

The following summarizes the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the periods indicated:

					Three Mo	nths	Ended Ma	rch 3	1, 2023		
	Rea	idential l Estate Loans	Multi- Family Loans	Re	nmercial al Estate Loans		mmercial and ndustrial Loans	aı Dev	nstruction nd Land /elopment Loans	isumer oans	Total
(in thousands)											
Allowance for loan losses:											
Beginning balance	\$	4,508	\$ 5,697	\$	3,234	\$	852	\$	104	\$ 9	\$ 14,404
Charge-offs							(457)		_	_	(457)
Recoveries			_		_				_	_	_
Provision (credit) for loan losses		156	(382)		10		1,130		9	9	932
Ending Balance	\$	4,664	\$ 5,315	\$	3,244	\$	1,525	\$	113	\$ 18	\$ 14,879

					Three Mo	nths	Ended Ma	rch 3	1, 2022			
	_			_		Co	ommercial		nstruction			
		sidential al Estate	Multi- Familv		mmercial al Estate	Б	and ndustrial		nd Land velopment	Co	nsumer	
		Loans	Loans		Loans		Loans		Loans		Loans	Total
(in thousands)												
Allowance for loan losses:												
Beginning balance	\$	4,115	\$ 2,568	\$	2,518	\$	184	\$		\$	1	\$ 9,386
Charge-offs		_	_		_						_	_
Recovories		—	—				—				_	—
Provision (credit) for loan losses		(715)	59		809		348		—		(1)	500
Ending balance	\$	3,400	\$ 2,627	\$	3,327	\$	532	\$		\$		\$ 9,886

					Six Mon	ths E	nded Mare	h 31,	2023		
	Rea	sidential al Estate Loans	Multi- Family Loans	Rea	nmercial al Estate Loans	In	nmercial and dustrial Loans	an Dev	struction d Land elopment Loans	nsumer Joans	Total
(in thousands)											
Allowance for loan losses:											
Beginning Balance	\$	3,951	\$ 4,308	\$	3,707	\$	761	\$	115	\$ 2	\$ 12,844
Charge-offs			_				(457)		—	—	(457)
Recoveries		_					60		_		60
Provision (credit) for loan losses		713	1,007		(463)		1,161		(2)	 16	2,432
Ending Balance	\$	4,664	\$ 5,315	\$	3,244	\$	1,525	\$	113	\$ 18	\$ 14,879

					Six Mont	ths E	Ended Marc	h 31,	, 2022		
	Rea	sidential al Estate Loans	Multi- Family Loans	Re	ommercial eal Estate Loans		ommercial and ndustrial Loans	а	nstruction nd Land velopment Loans	onsumer Loans	Total
(in thousands)											
Allowance for loan losses:											
Beginning Balance	\$	4,155	\$ 2,433	\$	1,884	\$	79	\$		\$ 1	\$ 8,552
Charge-offs		_	(66)				—		—	_	(66)
Recoveries					_						
Provision (credit) for loan losses		(755)	260		1,443		453			(1)	1,400
Ending Balance	\$	3,400	\$ 2,627	\$	3,327	\$	532	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 9,886

The following table represents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment based on impairment evaluation method. The recorded investment in loans excludes accrued interest receivable due to immateriality.

(in thousands)	 esidential eal Estate	-	Multi- Family	 nmercial eal Estate	Co	r <u>ch 31, 2023</u> mmercial and Idustrial	Cor	nstruction nd Land velopment	Con	sumer		Total
Allowance for loan losses:												
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 	\$	—	\$ —	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	
Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,664		5,315	3,244		1,525		113		18		14,879
Purchased-credit impaired				_		_				_		_
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 4,664	\$	5,315	\$ 3,244	\$	1,525	\$	113	\$	18	\$	14,879
Loans:												
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,727	\$	2,328	\$ 5,637	\$	382	\$		\$		\$	12,074
Collectively evaluated for impairment	594,043		585,916	520,066		58,656		15,653		243		1,774,577
Purchased-credit impaired	 ·		·	 568		146					_	714
Total loans held for investment	\$ 597,770	\$	588,244	\$ 526,271	\$	59,184	\$	15,653	\$	243	\$	1,787,365

				5	Septe	ember 30, 2	022				
(in thousands)	 esidential eal Estate	-	/Iulti- ⁷ amily	 mmercial eal Estate		mmercial and ndustrial	a	nstruction and Land elopment	Con	sumer	Total
Allowance for loan losses:	 		<u>(</u>	 							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$
Collectively evaluated for impairment	3,951		4,308	3,707		711		115		2	12,794
Purchased-credit impaired	 			 		50					 50
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 3,951	\$	4,308	\$ 3,707	\$	761	\$	115	\$	2	\$ 12,844
Loans:											
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 5,392	\$	2,348	\$ 5,875	\$	907	\$		\$	_	\$ 14,522
Collectively evaluated for impairment	510,866	5	572,713	466,507		44,749		12,907		36	1,607,778
Purchased-credit impaired	—		—	602		629				—	1,231
Total loans held for investment	\$ 516,258	\$ 5	575,061	\$ 472,984	\$	46,285	\$	12,907	\$	36	\$ 1,623,531

The following presents information related to the Company's impaired loans by portfolio segment for the periods shown.

]	March 31, 2023	8	Se	22	
(in thousands)	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded <u>Investment</u>	Allowance Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance Allocated
With no related allowance recorded:						
Residential real estate	\$ 3,729	\$ 3,727	\$ —	\$ 5,394	\$ 5,392	\$ —
Multi-family	2,328	2,328	—	2,348	2,348	
Commercial real estate	5,711	5,637		5,950	5,875	
Commercial and industrial	405	382		908	907	
Total	\$ 12,173	\$ 12,074	\$ —	\$ 14,600	\$ 14,522	\$ —

	T	hree Months E	anded March	ı 31,	Six Months Ended March 31,					
	2	2023 2022			2	2023	2	2022		
	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income		
(in thousands)	Investment	Recognized ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Recognized ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Recognized ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Recognized ⁽¹⁾		
Residential real estate	\$ 3,728	\$ 28	\$ 5,089	\$ 17	\$ 3,730	\$ 52	\$ 4,956	\$ 34		
Multi-family	2,326	1	425		2,336	3	432			
Commercial real estate	5,746	_	2,279	_	5,814		1,400			
Commercial and										
industrial	390		507		429	23	494	—		
Total	\$ 12,190	\$ 29	\$ 8,300	\$ 17	\$ 12,309	\$ 78	\$ 7,282	\$ 34		

(1) Accrual basis interest income recognized approximates cash basis income.

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, past due and non-accrual loans disaggregated by portfolio segment were as follows:

(in thousands)		Pas	t Due and Non-A					
	30 - 59 Days	60 - 89 Days	Greater than 89 Days		Fotal past due and	Purchased Credit		Total
March 31, 2023	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Non-accrual N	on-accrual	Impaired ⁽¹⁾	Current	Loans
Residential real estate	\$ 4,496	\$ —	\$ _:	\$ 1,970 \$	6,466	\$ —	\$ 591,304	\$ 597,770
Multi-family				2,328	2,328	—	585,916	588,244
Commercial real estate	4,468	—		5,637	10,105	568	515,598	526,271
Commercial and industrial	15			382	397	146	58,641	59,184
Construction and land development			—	_		_	15,653	15,653
Consumer	_	_	_	_	_	_	243	243
Total	\$ 8,979	\$	\$	\$ 10,317 \$	19,296	\$ 714	\$ 1,767,355	\$ 1,787,365

(1) Purchased credit impaired loans at March 31, 2023 were greater than 89 days past due.

(in thousands)		Pas	st Due and Nor					
	30 - 59 Days	60 - 89 Days	Greater than 89 Days		Total past due and	Purchased Credit		Total
September 30, 2022	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Non-accrual	Non-accrual	Impaired ⁽²⁾	Current	Loans
Residential real estate	\$ 961	\$ 351	\$ —	\$ 3,151 (1	1)\$ 4,463	\$ —	\$ 511,795	\$ 516,258
Multi-family			_	2,348	2,348	_	572,713	575,061
Commercial real estate	936	_	_	5,875	6,811	602	465,571	472,984
Commercial and industrial	539	161	_	907	1,607	629	44,049	46,285
Construction and land development	_	_	_	_	_		12,907	12,907
Consumer	_		_	_	_	_	36	36
Total	\$ 2,436	\$ 512	\$	\$ 12,281	\$ 15,229	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,607,071	\$ 1,623,531

(1) Of the residential real estate non-accrual loans, \$1,227 were not past due and \$1,924 were greater than 89 days past due.

(2) Purchased credit impaired loans at September 30, 2022 were greater than 89 days past due.

Troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") are loan modifications where the Company has granted a concession to a borrower in financial difficulty. To assess whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed to determine if that borrower is currently in payment default under any of its obligations or whether there is a probability that the borrower will be in payment default in the foreseeable future without the modification. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company had a recorded investment in TDRs totaling \$1.8 million and \$2.3 million, consisting solely of residential real estate loans with no specific reserves allocated to such loans and no commitment to lend additional funds under those loans, at either March 31, 2023 or September 30, 2022.

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no TDRs for which there was a payment default within twelve months of restructuring. A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under its modified terms. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had no new TDRs.

The Company continuously monitors the credit quality of its loan receivables. Credit quality is monitored by reviewing certain credit quality indicators. Management has determined that internally assigned credit risk ratings by loan segment are the key credit quality indicators that best assist management in monitoring the credit quality of the Company's loan receivables.

The Company has adopted a credit risk rating system as part of the risk assessment of its loan portfolio. The Company's lending officers are required to assign a credit risk rating to each loan in their portfolio at origination. When the lender learns of important financial developments, the risk rating is reviewed and adjusted if necessary. In addition, the Company engages a third-party independent loan reviewer that performs quarterly reviews of a sample of loans, validating the credit risk ratings assigned to such loans. The credit risk ratings play an important role in the establishment of the loan loss provision and to confirm the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses.

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes commercial loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

<u>Special Mention</u>: The loan has potential weaknesses that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of repayment prospects for the asset or in the Company's credit position at some future date.

<u>Substandard</u>: The loan is inadequately protected by current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or collateral pledged, if any. Loans classified as Substandard must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

<u>Doubtful</u>: The loan has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing factors, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not having a credit risk rating of Special Mention, Substandard or Doubtful are considered pass loans.

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company's loan portfolio by credit risk rating disaggregated by portfolio segment were as follows:

	March 31, 2023								
(in thousands) Real Estate:	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Total				
Residential	\$ 594,635	\$ 508	\$ 2,627	\$ —	\$ 597,770				
Multi-family	584,348	—	3,896	—	588,244				
Commercial	511,827	5,836	8,608	_	526,271				
Commercial and industrial	57,935	540	709		59,184				
Construction and land development	13,162	2,491			15,653				
Consumer	243				243				
Total	\$ 1,762,150	\$ 9,375	\$ 15,840	\$ —	\$ 1,787,365				

	September 30, 2022								
(in thousands) Real Estate:	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	<u>Doubtful</u>	Total				
Residential	\$ 512,595	\$ 512	\$ 3,151	\$ —	\$ 516,258				
Multi-family	571,128	_	3,933	—	575,061				
Commercial	453,321	8,085	11,578		472,984				
Commercial and industrial	43,314	540	2,431	_	46,285				
Construction and land development	10,499	2,408	—	_	12,907				
Consumer	36		—		36				
Total	\$ 1,590,893	\$ 11,545	\$ 21,093	\$ —	\$ 1,623,531				

5. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The Company's 2021 and 2018 Equity Compensation Plans (the "2021 Plan" and the "2018 Plan," respectively), provide for the grant of stock-based compensation awards to members of management, including employees and management officials, and members of the Board. Under the 2021 Plan, a total of 427,500 shares of the Company's common stock or equivalents were approved for issuance, of which 265,307 shares remain available for issuance at March 31, 2023. Of the total 346,000 shares of common stock approved for issuance under the 2018 Plan, 19,659 shares remain available for issuance at March 31, 2023.

Stock Options

Stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant, and generally with vesting periods of three years and contractual terms of ten years. All stock options fully vest upon a change in control.

The fair value of stock options is estimated on the date of grant using a closed form option valuation (Black-Scholes) model. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatilities of the common stock of the Company's peers. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and post-vesting termination behavior. Expected terms are based on historical data and represent the periods in which the options are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

There were 10,614 stock options exercised during the three and six months ended March 31, 2023. No stock options were exercised during the three and six months ended March 31, 2022.

A summary of stock option activity follows (aggregate intrinsic value in thousands):

	Number of Options	A E	/eighted Average Exercise Price	ggregate ntrinsic Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, October 1, 2022	227,406	\$	9.50	\$ 2,298	2.45 years
Granted	_		—		
Exercised	(10,614)		10.00		
Forfeited	—		—		
Outstanding, March 31, 2023 ⁽¹⁾	216,792	\$	9.48	\$ 2,216	1.65 years

⁽¹⁾ All outstanding options are fully vested and exercisable.

The following table presents information related to the stock option plan for the periods presented:

	Six Months Ended March 3			
(in thousands)	2023		2022	
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$ 103	\$	—	
Cash received from option exercises	106		—	
Tax benefit from option exercises	36			
Weighted average fair value of options granted	_		—	

There was no compensation expense attributable to stock options for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Restricted Stock Awards

During the six months ended March 31, 2023, restricted stock awards of 47,080 shares were granted with a five-year vesting period. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period of the awards based on the fair value of the stock at issue date.

A summary of restricted stock awards activity follows:

	Number of Shares	hted-Average nt Date Fair Value
Unvested, October 1, 2022	284,263	\$ 19.78
Granted	47,080	19.87
Vested	(64,024)	20.03
Forfeited	(4,567)	20.03
Unvested, March 31, 2023	262,752	\$ 19.73

Compensation expense attributable to restricted stock awards was \$696 thousand and \$401 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Compensation expense attributable to restricted stock awards was \$1.1 million and \$618 thousand for the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of March 31, 2023, there was \$4.5 million of total unrealized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock, expected to be recognized over a weighted-average term of 3.80 years. The total fair value of shares vested during the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1.3 million and \$296 thousand, respectively.

Restricted Stock Units

Long Term Incentive Plan

Restricted stock units ("RSU"s) represent an obligation to deliver shares to a grantee at a future date if certain vesting conditions are met. RSUs are subject to a time-based vesting schedule and the satisfaction of performance conditions and are settled in shares of the Company's common stock. RSUs do not provide voting rights and RSUs may accrue dividends from the date of grant.

The following table summarizes the unvested performance-based RSU activity for the six months ended March 31, 2023:

	Number of Shares	hted-Average nt Date Fair Value
Unvested, October 1, 2022	47,676	\$ 19.73
Granted		
Vested	—	
Forfeited	(6,072)	19.73
Unvested, March 31, 2023	41,604	\$ 19.73

No RSUs were granted during the six months ended March 31, 2023. Performance-based RSUs granted in 2022 cliff vest after three years and are subject to the achievement of the Company's pre-defined performance goals for the three-year period ending December 31, 2024.

Compensation expense attributable to RSUs was \$98 thousand and \$149 thousand, respectively, for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023. Compensation expense attributable to RSUs was \$57 thousand for the three and six months ended March 31, 2022. As of March 31, 2023, there was \$465 thousand of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested RSUs. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.90 years.

6. REGULATORY MATTERS

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and, additionally, prompt corrective action regulations, involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate regulatory action. The net unrealized gain or loss on available for sale securities is not included in computing regulatory capital. Management believes that as of March 31, 2023, the Bank meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject.

Prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications: well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If adequately capitalized or worse, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and capital restoration plans are required. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the most recent regulatory notifications categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the institution's category.

Under a policy of the Federal Reserve applicable to bank holding companies with less than \$3.0 billion in consolidated assets, the Company is not subject to consolidated regulatory capital requirements.

The following table sets forth the Bank's actual and required capital amounts (in thousands) and ratios under current regulations:

	_Actual C	apital	Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirement		Minimum Adequacy Re with Ca Conservatio	quirement pital	Minimum to Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
<u>March 31, 2023</u>								
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	\$ 200,499	13.93 % \$	115,143	8.00 %	\$ 151,126	10.50 %	\$ 143,929	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	185,449	12.88 %	86,357	6.00 %	122,340	8.50 %	115,143	8.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital to risk-								
weighted assets	185,449	12.88 %	64,768	4.50 %	100,750	7.00 %	93,554	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital to average total assets	185,449	9.79 %	75,796	4.00 %	N/A	N/A	94,745	5.00 %
<u>September 30, 2022</u>								
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	\$ 191,355	16.32 % \$	93,796	8.00 %	\$ 123,107	10.50 %	\$ 117,245	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	178,340	15.21 %	70,347	6.00 %	99,658	8.50 %	93,796	8.00 %
Common equity tier 1 capital to risk-								
weighted assets	178,340	15.21 %	52,760	4.50 %	82,071	7.00 %	76,209	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital to average total assets	178,340	10.90 %	65,429	4.00 %	N/A	N/A	81,786	5.00 %

Dividend restrictions - The Company's principal source of funds for dividend and debt service payments is dividends received from the Bank. During the six months ended March 31, 2023 the Bank paid \$3.0 million in cash dividends to the Holding Company. Banking regulations limit the amount of dividends that may be paid without prior approval of regulatory agencies. As of March 31, 2023, the Bank had \$45.7 million of retained net income available for dividends to the Company, without obtaining regulatory approval.

7. FAIR VALUE

FASB ASC No. 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined using quoted market prices. However, in many instances, quoted market prices are not available. In such instances, fair values are determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Various assumptions and observable inputs must be relied upon in applying these techniques. Accordingly, categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. As such, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate transfer of the respective asset or liability.

FASB ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy and describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values: The three levels within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Valuation is based upon unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Fair value is calculated using significant inputs other than quoted market prices that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. The valuation may rely on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (such as interest rates, rate volatility, prepayment speeds, credit ratings,) or inputs that are derived principally or corroborated by market data, by correlation, or other means.

• Level 3: Inputs for determining the fair value of the respective assets or liabilities are not observable. Level 3 valuations are reliant upon pricing models and techniques that require significant management judgment or estimation.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Fair value estimates are based on existing on- and off-balance-sheet financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in the estimates.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following presents fair value measurements on a recurring basis at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022:

		March 31, 2023 Fair Value Measurements Using:								
(in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Significant er Unobservable uts Inputs (Level 3)								
Financial assets:										
Available-for-sale securities:										
U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	\$ 241	\$ —	\$ 24	41 \$ —						
Corporate bonds	11,608	—	10,40	08 1,200						
Loan servicing rights	4,429	—	-	- 4,429						
Total	\$ 16,278	\$ —	\$ 10,64	49 \$ 5,629						
		Septen	ıber 30, 2022							
		Fair V	nber 30, 2022 /alue Measurement	s Using:						
(In thousands)	Carrying Amount			Significant er Unobservable						
(In thousands) Financial assets:		Fair V Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u>/alue Measurement</u> Significant Oth Observable Inpu	Significant er Unobservable its Inputs						
		Fair V Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u>/alue Measurement</u> Significant Oth Observable Inpu	Significant er Unobservable its Inputs						
Financial assets:		Fair V Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	<u>/alue Measurement</u> Significant Oth Observable Inpu	Significant er Unobservable its Inputs (Level 3)						
Financial assets: Available-for-sale securities:	<u>Amount</u>	Fair V Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) \$ —	/alue Measurement Significant Oth Observable Inpu (Level 2)	Significant er Unobservable its Inputs (Level 3) 2 \$ —						
Financial assets: Available-for-sale securities: U.S. GSE residential mortgage-backed securities	<u>Amount</u> \$ 242	Fair V Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) \$ —	/alue Measurement Significant Oth Observable Inpu (Level 2) \$ 24	Significant er Unobservable its Inputs (Level 3) 2 \$ —						

The fair value for the securities available-for-sale were obtained from an independent broker based upon matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities. The Company has determined these are classified as Level 2 inputs within the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of mortgage servicing rights are based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future servicing income. The valuation model utilizes interest rate, prepayment speed, and default rate assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income. The fair value of loan servicing rights related to residential mortgage loans at March 31, 2023 was determined based on discounted expected future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 12.0% to 14.5%, a prepayment speed of 26.25% and a weighted average life ranging from 1.45 to 2.95 years. Fair value at September 30, 2022 for loan servicing rights was determined based on discounted expected future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 12.0% to 14.5%, prepayment speed of 26.25% and a weighted average life ranging from 1.2 to 3.0 years.

The fair value of loan servicing rights for SBA loans at March 31, 2023 was determined based on discounted expected future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 10.33% to 35.16%, prepayment speeds ranging from 8.29% to 27.12% and a weighted average life ranging from 1.33 to 6.22 years. The fair value of loan servicing rights for SBA loans at September 30, 2022 was determined based on discounted expected future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 5.78% to 26.72%, prepayment speeds ranging from 8.42% to 24.00% and a weighted average life ranging from 1.47 to 5.79 years.

The Company has determined these are mostly unobservable inputs and considers them Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents the changes in mortgage servicing rights for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended M			Iarch 31,	
(in thousands)		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	4,402	\$	3,741	\$	4,353	\$	3,690	
Additions		212		405		348		573	
Adjustment to fair value		(185)		(118)		(272)		(235)	
Balance at end of period	\$	4,429	\$	4,028	\$	4,429	\$	4,028	

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis

The Company had no financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022. The Company's impaired loans had no related specific allowances recorded at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022.

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

The following presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments not carried at fair value at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022:

		March 31, 2023 Fair Value Measurements Using:						 	
(In thousands)		Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Carrying Assets Amount (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total Fair Value	
Financial assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	204,355	\$	204,355	\$		\$	_	\$ 204,355
Securities held-to-maturity		4,263		—		4,011			4,011
Loans, net	1	l,772,486		_		_	1	,727,121	1,727,121
Accrued interest receivable		10,200		—		492		9,708	10,200
Financial liabilities:									
Time deposits		430,852		—		423,492			423,492
Demand and other deposits	1	1,276,422		1,276,422					1,276,422
Borrowings		136,962		—		136,255			136,255
Subordinated debentures		24,594		—		25,617		—	25,617
Accrued interest payable		1,391		—		1,391			1,391

	September 30, 2022						
		Fair Value Measurements Using:					
(In thousands)	Carrying Amount	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value		
Financial assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 149,947	\$ 149,947	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 149,947		
Securities held-to-maturity	4,414		4,095		4,095		
Loans, net	1,610,687		—	1,564,991	1,564,991		
Accrued interest receivable	8,546		219	8,327	8,546		
Financial liabilities:							
Time deposits	339,073		328,964		328,964		
Demand and other deposits	1,189,033	1,189,033			1,189,033		
Borrowings	101,752		99,597		99,597		
Subordinated debentures	24,568	—	24,199	—	24,199		
Accrued interest payable	915	1	914	—	915		

8. LOSS CONTINGENCIES

Loss contingencies, including claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business, are recorded as liabilities when the likelihood of a loss is probable and an amount or range of loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company's management does not believe there are such matters that will have a material effect on the financial statements.



9. BORROWINGS

Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") Advances

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, FHLB term borrowings outstanding were \$131.0 million and \$37.8 million, respectively, all of which were fixed rate.

There were no FHLB overnight borrowings outstanding at March 31, 2023. At September 30, 2022, the Company had \$55.0 million in FHLB overnight borrowings outstanding at a rate of 3.29%.

Each advance is payable at its maturity date, with a prepayment penalty for fixed rate advances. The advances were collateralized by residential and commercial mortgage loans under a blanket lien arrangement at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022. Based on this collateral and the Company's holdings of FHLB stock, the Company was eligible to borrow up to an additional total of \$209.2 million at March 31, 2023.

The following table sets forth the contractual maturities and weighted average interest rates of the Company's fixed rate FHLB advances (in thousands):

		t March 31, 023
Contractual Maturity	Amount	Weighted Average Rate
Overnight	<u>\$ </u>	%
2024, rates from 0.37% to 2.96%	9,300	1.89 %
2025, rates from 0.39% to 0.49%	13,860	0.43 %
2026, rates from 0.56% to 4.98%	47,555	3.92 %
2027, rates from 4.13% to 4.74%	40,250	4.32 %
2028, rates from 3.99% to 4.58%	20,000	4.18 %
Total term advances	130,965	3.57 %
Total FHLB advances	\$ 130,965	3.57 %

	Balance at September 30, 2022		
Contractual Maturity		Amount	Weighted Average Rate
Overnight	\$	55,000	3.29 %
2023, rates from 0.37% to 2.96%		11,860	2.23 %
2024, rates from 0.39% to 2.53%		18,860	0.98 %
2025, rates from 0.56% to 0.59%		7,080	0.58 %
Total term advances		37,800	1.30 %
Total FHLB advances	\$	92,800	2.48 %

Federal Reserve Borrowings

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company's borrowings from the Federal Reserve's Paycheck Protection Program Liquidity Facility ("PPPLF") were \$6.0 million and \$9.0 million, respectively. The borrowings have a rate of 0.35% and the maturity date will equal the maturity date of the underlying PPP loan pledged to secure the extension of credit. The maturity date of a PPP loan is either two or five years from origination date. The Company utilized the PPPLF to fund PPP loan production. The borrowings are secured by pledged PPP loans as of March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022.

Correspondent Bank Borrowings

At March 31, 2023, approximately \$65 million in unsecured lines of credit extended by correspondent banks were available to be utilized for short-term funding purposes. No borrowings were outstanding under lines of credit with correspondent banks at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022.

10. SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES

In October 2020, the Company completed the private placement of \$25.0 million in aggregate principal amount of fixed-tofloating rate subordinated notes due 2030 (the "Notes") to certain qualified institutional buyers and accredited investors. The Notes bear interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of 5.00% per annum, until October 15, 2025. From and including October 15, 2025 through maturity, the interest rate applicable to the outstanding principal amount due will reset quarterly to the then current three-month secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR") plus 487.4 basis points. The Company may, at its option, beginning with the interest payment date of October 15, 2025, but not generally prior thereto, and on any scheduled interest payment date thereafter, redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, subject to the receipt of any required regulatory approval. The Notes are not subject to redemption at the option of the holder. The portion of the proceeds of these subordinated notes contributed to the Bank are included as a component of the Bank's Tier 1 capital for regulatory reporting.

At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the unamortized issuance costs of the Notes were \$0.4 million. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023, \$21 thousand and \$42 thousand, respectively, in issuance costs were recorded in interest expense. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2022, \$21 thousand and \$42 thousand, respectively, in issuance costs were recorded in interest expense. The Notes are presented net of unamortized issuance costs in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

11. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income by component, net of tax, for the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

(in thousands)	Losses or for-S	d Gains and 1 Available- ale Debt urities
Balance at October 1, 2022	\$	(620)
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassification		(321)
Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Net current period other comprehensive loss		(321)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	(941)

(in thousands)	Losses of for-S	ed Gains and on Available- Sale Debt curities
Balance at October 1, 2021	\$	256
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassification		(210)
Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(81)
Net current period other comprehensive loss		(291)
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	(35)

The following represents the reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

	Thr	Three Months March 3			Six Months Ended March 31,				Affected Line Item in Consolidated		
(in thousands)	20	2023		2023		2022		2023		2022	Statements of Income
									Gain on sale of investment		
									securities available-for-sale,		
Realized gains on securities available-for-sale	\$		\$	105	\$	—	\$	105	net		
Tax effect		—		24		—		24	Income tax expense		
Net of tax	\$	_	\$	81	\$	_	\$	81			

ITEM 2. - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

<u>Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u> - This document contains a number of forward-looking statements, including statements about the financial condition, results of operations, earnings outlook and prospects of the Company. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "should," "likely," "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "outlook," "estimate," "forecast," "target," "project," "goal" and other similar words and expressions. The forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties. The ability of the Company to predict results or the actual effects of its plans and strategies is subject to inherent uncertainty.

Factors that may cause actual results or earnings to differ materially from such forward-looking statements include those set forth in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, as updated by the Company's subsequent filings with the SEC and, among others, the following:

- Changes in monetary and fiscal policies of the FRB and the U. S. Government, particularly related to changes in interest rates and inflation, may affect interest margins and the fair value of financial instruments;
- Changes in general economic conditions, either nationally or in our market areas, that are worse than expected;
- The ability to enhance revenue through increased market penetration, expanded lending capacity and product offerings;
- Occurrence of natural or man-made disasters or calamities, including health emergencies, the spread of infectious diseases, pandemics such as COVID-19, or outbreaks of hostilities, such as between Russia and Ukraine, or the effects of climate change, and the ability of the Company to deal effectively with disruptions caused by the foregoing;
- The effects of recent bank failures that lead to uncertainty and concerns regarding the liquidity positions of the banking sector;
- Legislative, regulatory or policy changes;
- Downturns in demand for loan, deposit and other financial services in the Company's market area;
- Increased competition from other banks and non-bank providers of financial services;
- Technological changes and increased technology-related costs; and
- Changes in accounting principles, or the application of generally accepted accounting principles.

Because these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these statements, which speak only as of the date of this document. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning matters addressed in this document and attributable to the Company or any person acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this document. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Non-GAAP Disclosure - This discussion includes discussions of the Company's tangible common equity ("TCE") ratio, tangible common equity and tangible assets, non-GAAP financial measures. A non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows that excludes or modifies amounts that are required to be disclosed in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide both management and investors a more complete understanding of the underlying operational results and trends and the Company's marketplace performance. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the numbers prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other financial institutions.

With respect to the calculations and reconciliations of tangible common equity, tangible assets and the TCE ratio, please see Liquidity and Capital Resources contained herein for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Executive Summary – The Company is a one-bank holding company incorporated in 2016. The Company operates as the parent for its wholly owned subsidiary, the Bank, which commenced operations in 2008. The income of the Company is primarily derived through the operations of the Bank. Unless the context otherwise requires, references herein to the Company include the Company and the Bank on a consolidated basis.

The Bank operates as a locally headquartered, community-oriented bank, serving customers throughout the New York metro area from offices in Nassau, Queens, Kings (Brooklyn) and New York (Manhattan) Counties, New York and Freehold in Monmouth County, New Jersey. We also expect to open the Bank's Hauppauge Business Banking Center in Hauppauge, Suffolk County, New York in May 2023. This location will become the nexus of commercial lending and deposit activity for our expanded C&I banking initiatives. These initiatives are integral to our commitment to diversify our loans and sources of funding as we fill the void left by the diminishing number of commercial banks on Long Island and in the wider NYC Metro area. With a passion for excellence in our approach to products, services, and solutions, we strive to create a first-class banking experience that exceeds our clients' expectations, shows our employees they are our greatest resource, positively impacts the communities we serve and inspires the confidence of our shareholders and stakeholders. We offer personal and business loans on a secured and unsecured basis, SBA and USDA guaranteed loans, revolving lines of credit, commercial mortgage loans, and one- to four-family non-qualified mortgages secured by primary and secondary residences that may be owner occupied or investment properties, home equity loans, bridge loans and other personal purpose loans.

The Bank works to provide more direct, personal attention to customers than management believes is offered by competing financial institutions, the majority of which are branch offices of banks headquartered outside of the Bank's primary trade area. By striving to employ professional, responsive and knowledgeable staff, the Bank believes it offers a superior level of service to its customers. As a result of senior management's availability for consultation on a daily basis, the Bank believes it offers customers a quicker response on loan applications and other banking transactions, as well as greater and earlier certainty as to whether these transactions will actually close, than competitors, whose decisions may take longer and be made in distant headquarters.

The Bank has historically been able to generate additional income by strategically originating and selling residential and government guaranteed loans to other financial institutions at premiums, while also retaining servicing rights in some sales. However, due to the pace of interest rate increases over the last year, the residential loan sale market remains inactive, and the Bank continues originating residential loans for its own portfolio. The Bank is an approved SBA Preferred Lender, enabling the Bank to process SBA applications under delegated authority from the SBA and enhancing the Bank's ability to compete more effectively for SBA lending opportunities. With respect to the sale of government guaranteed loans, we continue to expect reduced secondary market sale premiums on a year-over-year basis in the current interest rate environment.

As part of our efforts to diversify our loan portfolio away from loans secured by commercial real estate, we expect the pace and volume of C&I, SBA and USDA guaranteed loans to increase with the ongoing addition of related lending personnel. Commencing in 2022, we expanded our government guaranteed activities nationally with the ongoing expansion of our SBA and USDA Banking Team and we recruited a C&I Banking Team that continues to expand as we pursue new lending and core deposit growth opportunities.

The Bank finances most of its activities through a combination of deposits, including non-interest-bearing demand, savings, NOW and money market deposits as well as time deposits, and both short- and long-term borrowings. The Company's chief competition includes local banks within its market area, New York City money center banks and regional banks, as well as non-bank lenders, including fintech lenders.

Financial Performance Summary As of or for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended March 31,		Six montl Marcl		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15,680	\$ 17,416	\$ 32,355	\$ 35,061	
Non-interest expense	10,567	9,357	18,838	17,622	
Provision for loan losses	932	500	2,432	1,400	
Net income	3,209	5,860	8,547	12,397	
Net income per share - diluted	0.43	1.00	1.15	2.15	
Return on average assets	0.68	% 1.63 %	0.92 %	1.72 %	
Return on average stockholders' equity ⁽²⁾	7.24	% <u>17.83</u> %	9.64_%	19.16 %	
Tier 1 leverage ratio	9.79	% 10.06 %	9.79 %	10.06 %	
Common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	12.88	% 14.76 %	12.88 %	14.76 %	
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	12.88	% 14.76 %	12.88 %	14.76 %	
Total risk-based capital ratio	13.93	% 15.85 %	13.93 %	15.85 %	
Tangible common equity ratio (non-GAAP) ⁽²⁾	7.84	% 7.90 %	7.84 %	7.90 %	
Total stockholders' equity/total assets ⁽³⁾	8.71	% 9.13 %	8.71 %	9.13 %	

(1) Represents net interest income plus total non-interest income.

⁽²⁾ Includes common stock and Series A preferred stock for the periods ended March 31, 2023.

⁽³⁾ The ratio of total stockholders' equity to total assets is the most comparable GAAP measure to the non-GAAP tangible common equity ratio presented herein.

At March 31, 2023 the Company, on a consolidated basis, had total assets of \$2.1 billion, total deposits of \$1.7 billion and total stockholders' equity of \$180.5 million. The Company recorded net income of \$3.2 million, or \$0.43 per diluted share (including Series A preferred shares), for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to net income of \$5.9 million, or \$1.00 per diluted share, for the same period in 2022 and \$8.5 million, or \$1.15 per diluted share, for the six months ended March 31, 2023 compared to net income of \$12.4 million, or \$2.15 per diluted share, for the same period in 2022.

The \$2.7 million decrease in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period was primarily due to a \$0.9 million decrease in non-interest income coupled with a \$1.2 million increase in non-interest expense and a \$432 thousand increase in the provision for loan losses expense. The \$3.9 million decrease in earnings for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period resulted primarily from a \$1.9 million decrease in non-interest income; a \$1.2 million increase in non-interest expense; a \$1.0 million increase in the provision for loan losses expense and a decrease in purchase accounting accretion.

The Company's return on average assets and return on average stockholders' equity were 0.68% and 7.24%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus 1.63% and 17.83%, respectively, for the comparable 2022 period, and 0.92% and 9.64% for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus 1.72% and 19.16%, respectively, for the prior year period.

Total non-accrual loans at March 31, 2023 were \$10.3 million, or 0.58% of total loans, compared to \$12.3 million, or 0.76% of total loans at September 30, 2022 and \$10.5 million, or 0.81% of total loans, at March 31, 2022. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total non-accrual loans amounted to 144%, 105% and 94% at March 31, 2023, September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

The Company's operating efficiency ratio was 67.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus 54.1% a year ago. The increase in the operating efficiency ratio was due to the decreases in non-interest income and net interest income, as a result of the rapid rise in interest rates, and an increase in non-interest expense.

<u>Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates</u> - To prepare financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, the Company's management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and actual results could differ. Critical accounting estimates are accounting estimates where (a) the nature of the estimate is material due to levels of subjectivity and judgment necessary to account for highly uncertain matters or the susceptibility of such matters to change, and (b) the impact of the estimate on financial condition or operating performance is material.

The Company considers the determination of the allowance for loan losses its most critical accounting policy, practice and use of estimates. The Company uses available information to recognize probable and reasonably estimable losses on loans. Future additions to the allowance may be necessary based upon changes in economic, market or other conditions. Changes in estimates could result in a material change in the allowance. The allowance for loan losses is increased by a provision for loan losses charged against income and is decreased by charge-offs, net of recoveries. Loan losses are recognized in the period the loans, or portion thereof, are deemed uncollectible. The adequacy of the allowance to cover any inherent loan losses in the portfolio is evaluated on a quarterly basis.

Financial Condition – Total assets of the Company were \$2.1 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.8 billion at September 30, 2022. Total loans at March 31, 2023 were \$1.8 billion, compared to total loans of \$1.6 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Total borrowings and subordinated debt at March 31, 2023 were \$161.6 million, including \$131.0 million of outstanding FHLB advances, compared to \$126.3 million at September 30, 2022.

For the six months ended March 31, 2023, the Company's loan portfolio, net of sales, grew by \$163.8 million to \$1.8 billion. At March 31, 2023, the residential loan portfolio amounted to \$597.8 million, or 33.4% of total loans. Commercial real estate loans, including multi-family loans and construction and land development loans, continue to make up a greater proportion of our loan portfolio and totaled \$1.1 billion or 63.2% of total loans at March 31, 2023. Commercial loans, including PPP loans, totaled \$59.2 million or 3.3% of total loans.

Total deposits were \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2023, versus \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2022. Core deposit balances, which consist of demand, NOW, savings and money market deposits, represented 74.8% and 77.8% of total deposits at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively. At those dates, demand deposit balances represented 10.5% and 14.3% of total deposits. The Company's municipal deposit program is built on long-standing relationships developed in the local marketplace. During the recent challenges and disruptions faced in our industry, we not only maintained all previous municipal relationships but also added new municipal customers and additional deposits. This core deposit business will continue to provide a stable source of funding for the Company's lending products at costs lower than both consumer deposits and market-based borrowings. At March 31, 2023, total municipal deposits were \$449.7 million, representing 26.3% of total deposits, compared to \$416.9 million at September 30, 2022, representing 27.3% of total deposits. The rate on the municipal deposit portfolio was 3.59% at March 31, 2023.

Borrowings at March 31, 2023 were \$137.0 million, including \$6.0 million in PPPLF funding, versus \$101.8 million, including \$9.0 million in PPPLF funding at September 30, 2022. PPPLF borrowings declined as borrowers received forgiveness or have made payments on PPP loans. At March 31, 2023, the Company had \$131.0 million of outstanding FHLB advances as compared to \$92.8 million at September 30, 2022. The Company added \$100.7 million of extended duration FHLB term advances in March 2023 to provide additional liquidity and enhance the interest rate sensitivity profile.

Liquidity and Capital Resources – Liquidity management is defined as ability of the Company and the Bank to meet their financial obligations on a continuous basis without material loss or disruption of normal operations. These obligations include the withdrawal of deposits on demand or at their contractual maturity, the repayment of borrowings as they mature, funding new and existing loan commitments and the ability to take advantage of business opportunities as they arise. Asset liquidity is provided by short-term investments, such as fed funds sold, the marketability of securities available for sale and interest-bearing deposits due from the Federal Reserve, FHLB and correspondent banks, which totaled \$204.0 million and \$150.0 million at March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively. These liquid assets may include assets that have been pledged primarily against municipal deposits or borrowings. Liquidity is also provided by the maintenance of a base of core deposits, cash and non-interest-bearing deposits due from banks and the ability to sell or pledge marketable assets and access to lines of credit. At March 31, 2023, liquidity sources, which includes cash and unencumbered securities and secured and unsecured funding capacity, totaled \$602.2 million, representing approximately 216% of uninsured deposit balances.

Liquidity is continuously monitored, allowing management to better understand and react to emerging balance sheet trends, including temporary mismatches with regard to sources and uses of funds. After assessing actual and projected cash flow needs, management seeks to obtain funding at the most economical cost. These funds can be obtained by converting liquid assets to cash or by attracting new deposits or other sources of funding. Many factors affect the Company's ability to meet liquidity needs, including variations in the markets served, loan demand, its asset/liability mix, its reputation and credit standing in its markets and general economic conditions. Borrowings and the scheduled amortization of investment securities and loans are more predictable funding sources. Deposit flows and securities and loan prepayments are somewhat less predictable as they are often subject to external factors. Among these are changes in the local and national economies, competition from other financial institutions and changes in market interest rates.

The Company's primary sources of funds are cash provided by deposits, which may include brokered and listing service deposits, borrowings, proceeds from maturities and sales of securities and cash provided by operating activities. At March 31, 2023, total deposits were \$1.7 billion, of which \$328.2 million were time deposits scheduled to mature within the next 12 months. Based on historical experience, the Company expects to be able to replace a substantial portion of those maturing deposits with comparable deposit products. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, the Company had \$137.0 million and \$101.8 million, respectively, in borrowings outstanding.

The Liquidity and Wholesale Funding Policy of the Bank establishes specific policies and operating procedures governing liquidity levels to assist management in developing plans to address future and current liquidity needs. Management monitors the rates and cash flows from loan and investment portfolios while also examining the maturity structure and volatility characteristics of liabilities to develop an optimum asset/liability mix. Available funding sources include retail, commercial and municipal deposits, purchased liabilities and stockholders' equity. At March 31, 2023, the Bank had access to approximately \$933.3 million in FHLB lines of credit for overnight or term borrowings, of which \$453.2 million securing municipal letters of credit, and \$131.0 million in term borrowings were outstanding. At March 31, 2023, the Bank had access to approximately \$65 million in unsecured lines of credit extended by correspondent banks, if needed, for short-term funding purposes. No borrowings were outstanding under lines of credit with correspondent banks at March 31, 2023.

The Company strives to maintain an efficient level of capital, commensurate with its risk profile, on which a competitive rate of return to stockholders will be realized over the short and long terms. Capital is managed to enhance stockholder value while providing flexibility for management to act opportunistically in a changing marketplace. Management continually evaluates the Company's capital position in light of current and future growth objectives and regulatory guidelines. Total stockholders' equity increased to \$180.5 million at March 31, 2023 from \$172.6 million at September 30, 2022, primarily due to net income recorded during the six months ended March 31, 2023.

The Bank is subject to regulatory capital requirements. The Bank's tier 1 leverage, common equity tier 1 risk-based, tier 1 risk-based and total risk-based capital ratios were 9.79%, 12.88%, 12.88% and 13.93%, respectively, at March 31, 2023, exceeding all regulatory guidelines for a well-capitalized institution, the highest regulatory capital category. Moreover, capital rules also place limits on capital distributions and certain discretionary bonus payments if a banking organization does not maintain a buffer of common equity tier 1 capital above minimum capital requirements. At March 31, 2023, the Bank's capital buffer was in excess of requirements.

The Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock during the six months ended March 31, 2023.

The Company's total stockholders' equity to total assets ratio and tangible common equity to tangible assets ratio ("TCE ratio") were 8.71% and 7.84%, respectively, at March 31, 2023, versus 9.38% and 8.41%, respectively, at September 30, 2022 and 9.13% and 7.90%, respectively, at March 31, 2022. The ratio of total stockholders' equity to total assets is the most comparable U.S. GAAP measure to the non-GAAP TCE ratio presented herein. The ratio of tangible common equity to tangible assets, or TCE ratio, is calculated by dividing total stockholders' equity by total assets, after reducing both amounts by intangible assets. The TCE ratio is not required by U.S. GAAP or by applicable bank regulatory requirements, but is a metric used by management to evaluate the adequacy of our capital levels. Since there is no authoritative requirement to calculate the TCE ratio, our TCE ratio is not necessarily comparable to similar capital measures disclosed or used by other companies in the financial services industry. Tangible common equity and tangible assets are non-GAAP financial measures and should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for or superior to, financial measures determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Set forth below are the reconciliations of tangible common equity to U.S. GAAP total stockholders' equity and tangible assets to U.S. GAAP total assets at March 31, 2023 (in thousands). (See also Non-GAAP Disclosure contained herein.)

			Ratios
Total stockholders' equity ⁽³⁾	\$ 180,522	Total assets	\$ 2,071,720 8.71% ⁽¹⁾
Less: goodwill	(19,168)	Less: goodwill	(19,168)
Less: core deposit intangible	(362)	Less: core deposit intangible	(362)
Tangible common equity ⁽³⁾	\$ 160,992	Tangible assets	<u>\$ 2,052,190</u> 7.84% ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ The ratio of total stockholders' equity to total assets is the most comparable GAAP measure to the non-GAAP tangible common equity ratio presented herein.

(2) TCE ratio

⁽³⁾ Includes common stock and Series A preferred stock.

All dividends must conform to applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. The Company's ability to pay dividends to stockholders depends on the Bank's ability to pay dividends to the Company. Additionally, the ability of the Bank to pay dividends to the Company is subject to certain regulatory restrictions. Under New York law, a bank may pay a dividend on its common stock only out of net profits, and must obtain the approval of the Superintendent of the DFS if the total of all dividends declared by a bank or trust company in any calendar year exceeds the total of its net profits for that year combined with its retained net profits of the preceding two years, less any required transfer to surplus or a fund for the retirement of any preferred stock.

The Company's Board of Directors approved the payment of a \$0.10 per share cash dividend on both common and Series A preferred shares payable on May 17, 2023 to stockholders of record on May 10, 2023.

<u>Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements</u> - The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated financial statements. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to customers provided there are no violations of any conditions established under the loan agreements. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of fees. Since many commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Bank evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Collateral required varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, equipment, income-producing commercial properties and other real estate. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, commitments to originate loans and commitments under unused lines of credit for which the Bank is obligated amounted to approximately \$63 million and \$73 million, respectively.

Letters of credit are conditional commitments guaranteeing payments of drafts in accordance with the terms of letter of credit agreements. Commercial letters of credit are used primarily to facilitate trade or commerce and are also issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements, bond financings and similar transactions. Collateral may be required to support letters of credit based upon management's evaluation of the creditworthiness of each customer. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. At March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022, letters of credit outstanding were approximately \$488 thousand and \$817 thousand, respectively.

Results of Operations – Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 – The Company recorded net income of \$3.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus net income of \$5.9 million in the comparable three month period a year ago. The decline in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 quarter resulted primarily from a \$0.9 million decrease in non-interest income, a \$1.2 million increase in non-interest expense and a \$432 thousand increase in the provision for loan losses expense, which included a required accounting charge related to the the write-off of two purchased credit impaired loans, totaling \$407 thousand, acquired in the Savoy Bank acquisition and a decrease in purchase accounting accretion. Gains on the sales of the guaranteed portions of SBA loans were lower than expected in the quarter primarily due to the continuing impact of depressed secondary market premiums and loan closing delays due to borrower considerations.

Net Interest Income and Margin

The \$0.8 million decline in net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 quarter was largely due to the compression of the Company's net interest margin to 3.04% in the 2023 quarter from 4.26% in the comparable 2022 quarter. The yield on interest earning assets increased to 5.47% in the 2023 quarter from 4.60% in the comparable 2022 quarter, an increase of 87 basis points. This increase was offset by a 250 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 2.94% in 2023 from 0.44% in the second fiscal quarter of 2022, due to the rapid and significant rise in interest rates and, to a lesser extent, the Company's decision to increase liquidity as a result of recent industry events. Included in net interest income was accretion and amortization of purchase accounting adjustments arising from the acquisition of Savoy Bank of \$306 thousand during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and \$1.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022. Excluding these purchase accounting adjustments, the adjusted net interest margin was 2.97% and 3.86% in the quarter ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NET INTEREST INCOME ANALYSIS For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (dollars in thousands)

(dollars in thousands)

	2023					
	Average Balance	Interest	Average Rate	Average Balance	Interest	Average Rate
Assets:	Dalalice	Interest	Rate	Dalalice	Interest	Rate
Assets: Interest-earning assets						
Loans	\$ 1.766.679	\$ 23,941	5 50 %	\$ 1,274,485	\$ 15,749	5.01 %
Investment securities	16,408	198	4.89 %	11.547	106	3.72 %
Interest-earning cash	68,308	788	4.68 %	114,889	45	0.16 %
FHLB stock and other investments	6,387	133	8.45 %	4,062	41	4.09 %
Total interest-earning assets	1,857,782	25,060	5.47 %	1,404,983	15,941	4.60 %
Non interest-earning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	9,809			8,405		
Other assets	54,014			47,243		
Total assets	\$ 1,921,605			\$ 1,460,631		
Liabilities and stockholders' equity:						
Interest-bearing liabilities						
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	\$ 1,012,839	\$ 7,792	3.12 %			0.20 %
Time deposits	408,646	2,383	2.36 %	306,363	401	0.53 %
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,421,485	10,175	2.90 %	1,002,603	746	0.30 %
Borrowings	88,134	627	2.89 %	87,948	117	0.54 %
Subordinated debentures	24,586	334	<u>5.51 %</u>	24,527	334	<u> </u>
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,534,205	11,136	2.94 %	1,115,078	1,197	0.44 %
Demand deposits	182,199			199,630		
Other liabilities	25,291			12,662		
Total liabilities	1,741,695			1,327,370		
Stockholders' equity	179,910			133,261		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,921,605			\$ 1,460,631		
Net interest rate spread			<u>2.53 %</u>			4.16 %
Net interest income/margin		\$ 13,924	3.04 %		\$ 14,744	4.26 %

Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company recorded a \$0.9 million provision for loan losses expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus \$0.5 million recorded for the comparable period in 2022. The adequacy of the provision and the resulting allowance for loan losses, which was \$14.9 million at March 31, 2023, is determined by management's ongoing review of the loan portfolio including, among other things, impaired loans, past loan loss experience, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, existing adverse situations that may affect borrower's ability to repay and estimated fair value of any underlying collateral securing loans. Moreover, management evaluates changes, if any, in underwriting standards; collection, charge-off and recovery practices; the nature or volume of the portfolio, lending staff and concentration of loans; as well as current economic conditions and other relevant factors. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate to provide for probable and reasonably estimable losses at March 31, 2023. (See also Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates and Asset Quality contained herein.)

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income decreased by \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 versus the comparable 2022 period. This decline was largely driven by a \$0.6 million decrease in net gain on sale of loans. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company sold loans totaling approximately \$12.8 million and \$16.2 million, respectively, recognizing net gains of \$1.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. Gains on the sales of the guaranteed portions of SBA loans were lower than expected in the quarter primarily due to the continuing impact of depressed secondary market premiums and loan closing delays due to borrower considerations.

Non-Interest Income For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

	Three months ended March 31,			Six months ended March 31,			
(in thousands)	 2023	2022		2 2023		2022	
Loan servicing and fee income	\$ 539	\$	734	\$	1,217	\$	1,424
Service charges on deposit accounts	67		46		130		109
Net gain on sale of loans held for sale	995		1,575		1,573		3,067
Net gain on sale of investments available-for-sale			105				105
Other income	155		212		247		343
Total non-interest income	\$ 1,756	\$	2,672	\$	3,167	\$	5,048

Non-interest Expense

Total non-interest expense increased by \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 versus the comparable 2022 quarter. The increase in non-interest expense was primarily due to increases in occupancy and equipment, legal and consulting fees and regulatory assessments. Included in salaries and employee benefits expense in the first quarter of 2023 were expenses related to staffing of SBA & USDA and C&I Banking Teams, severance payments for the reduction of commercial real estate lending and other staff in January 2023 and the accelerated recognition of restricted stock compensation expense for an executive who retired this quarter. These expenses were offset by lower incentive compensation due to intentionally reduced lending activity resulting to the decline in salaries and employee benefits expense in the three months ended March 31, 2023 versus the comparable 2022 quarter.

Non-Interest Expense For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

		nths ended ch 31,		ths ended ch 31,
(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 5,564	\$ 5,618	\$ 9,896	\$ 10,557
Occupancy and equipment	1,537	1,370	3,014	2,783
Data processing	441	392	859	759
Advertising and promotion	183	153	333	186
Professional fees	881	640	1,564	1,139
Other expenses	1,961	1,184	3,172	2,198
Total non-interest expense	\$ 10,567	\$ 9,357	\$ 18,838	\$ 17,622

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$1.0 million for an effective tax rate of 23.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus income tax expense of \$1.7 million for an effective tax rate of 22.5% in the comparable 2022 period.

Results of Operations – Comparison of the Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 – The Company recorded net income of \$8.5 million during the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus net income of \$12.4 million in the comparable six months a year ago. The decline in earnings for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period resulted primarily from a \$1.9 million decrease in non-interest income; a \$1.2 million increase in non-interest expense; a \$1.0 million increase in the provision for loan losses expense due to growth in the loan portfolio and the charge-off of two purchased credit impaired loans, totaling \$457 thousand, acquired in the Savoy Bank acquisition; and a decrease in purchase accounting accretion.

Net Interest Income and Margin

The \$0.8 million decline in net interest income for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period was largely due to the compression of the Company's net interest margin to 3.26% in the 2023 six month period from 4.32% in the comparable 2022 period. The margin compression reflects the effects of the rapid and significant rise in interest rates and the competitive deposit environment. The yield on interest earning assets increased to 5.32% in the 2023 six month period from 4.69% in the comparable 2022 period, an increase of 63 basis points, offset by a 207 basis point increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to 2.53% in 2023 from 0.46% in the 2022 six month period. Included in net interest income was accretion and amortization of purchase accounting adjustments of \$0.6 million during the six months ended March 31, 2023 and \$2.9 million in the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 3.90% in the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NET INTEREST INCOME ANALYSIS For the Six Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

(dollars in thousands)

		2023			2022	
	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/Cost	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/Cost
Assets:						
Interest-earning assets:						
Loans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 1,723,601	\$ 45,920		\$ 1,264,043	\$ 32,130	5.10 %
Investment securities ⁽¹⁾	16,459	410	5.00 %	13,613	260	3.83 %
Interest-earning cash	48,580	1,063	4.39 %	110,729	84	0.15 %
FHLB stock and other investments	6,439	239	7.44 %	4,664	83	<u>3.57 %</u>
Total interest-earning assets	1,795,079	47,632	<u>5.32 %</u>	1,393,049	32,557	<u>4.69</u> %
Non interest-earning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	10,216			8,334		
Other assets	53,245			48,136		
Total assets	\$ 1,858,540			\$ 1,449,519		
Liabilities and stockholders' equity:						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Savings, NOW and money market deposits	\$ 961,225	\$ 12,556	2.62 %		\$ 711	0.22 %
Time deposits	383,041	3,930	2.06 %	326,626	892	0.55 %
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,344,266	16,486	2.46 %	978,894	1,603	0.33 %
Borrowings	93,412	1,291	2.77 %	107,213	277	0.52 %
Subordinated debentures	24,580	667	<u> </u>	24,513	664	<u> </u>
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,462,258	18,444	<u>2.53 %</u>	1,110,620	2,544	0.46 %
Demand deposits	193,349			195,854		
Other liabilities	25,039			13,254		
Total liabilities	1,680,646			1,319,728		
Stockholders' equity	177,894			129,791		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,858,540			\$ 1,449,519		
Net interest rate spread			<u> </u>			<u>4.23</u> %
Net interest income/margin		\$ 29,188	3.26 %		\$ 30,013	4.32 %

Provision for Loan Losses

The Company recorded a \$2.4 million provision for loan losses expense for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus \$1.4 million recorded for the comparable period in 2022. (See also Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates and Asset Quality contained herein.)

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income decreased by \$1.9 million for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period. This decline was largely driven by the \$1.5 million decrease in net gain on sale of loans. For the six months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company sold loans totaling approximately \$20.8 million and \$51.4 million, respectively, recognizing net gains of \$1.6 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. Gains on the sales of the guaranteed portion of SBA loans were lower than expected in the 2023 six months period primarily due to the continuing impact of depressed secondary market premiums and loan closing delays due to borrower considerations.

Non-interest Expense

Total non-interest expense increased by \$1.2 million for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus the comparable 2022 period. The increase in non-interest expense was primarily due to increases in occupancy and equipment, legal and consulting fees and regulatory assessments. Salaries and employee benefits expense declined in the six months ended March 31, 2023 compared to the comparable period of 2022 for the same reasons discussed above for the quarter over quarter comparisons.

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$2.5 million for an effective tax rate of 22.9% for the six months ended March 31, 2023, versus income tax expense of \$3.6 million for an effective tax rate of 22.7% in the comparable 2022 period.

<u>Asset Quality</u> - Total non-accrual loans at March 31, 2023 were \$10.3 million, or 0.58% of total loans, compared to \$12.3 million, or 0.76% of total loans at September 30, 2022 and \$10.5 million, or 0.81% of total loans, at March 31, 2022. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total non-accrual loans amounted to 144%, 105% and 94% at March 31, 2023, September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

Total accruing loans delinquent 30 days or more, excluding purchased credit-impaired loans, amounted to \$9.0 million, \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million at March 31, 2023, September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

Total loans having credit risk ratings of Special Mention or Substandard were \$25.2 million at March 31, 2023, versus \$32.6 million at September 30, 2022. These were mainly from the acquired loan portfolio of Savoy Bank. The acquired portfolio has a large component of SBA loans, which were supported through the COVID-pandemic with assistance from the SBA. The Company's Special Mention and Substandard loans were comprised of residential real estate, multi-family, commercial real estate loans, commercial and industrial loans (including SBA facilities) and construction loans at March 31, 2023. The Company had no loans with a credit risk rating of Doubtful for the periods presented. All loans not having credit risk ratings of Special Mention, Substandard or Doubtful are considered pass loans.

At March 31, 2023, the Company had \$1.8 million in troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"), consisting of residential real estate loans. The Company had TDRs amounting to \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million at September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

At March 31, 2023, the Company's allowance for loan losses amounted to \$14.9 million or 0.83% of period-end total loans outstanding. The allowance as a percentage of loans outstanding was 0.79% at September 30, 2022 and 0.77% at March 31, 2022. The Company recorded loan charge-offs during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2022 of \$457 thousand and \$92 thousand, respectively. The Company recorded no loan charge-offs during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

The Company recorded a \$0.9 million provision for loan losses expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023, versus \$0.5 million recorded for the comparable period in 2022. Adjustments to the Company's loss experience is based on management's evaluation of several environmental factors, including: changes in local, regional, national, and international economic and business conditions and developments that affect the collectability of the loan portfolio, including the condition of various market segments; changes in the nature and volume of the Company's portfolio and in the terms of the Company's loans; changes in the experience, ability, and depth of lending management and other relevant staff; changes in the volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans; changes in the quality of the Company's loan review system; changes in lending policies, procedures and strategies; changes in the value of underlying collateral for collateral-dependent loans; the existence and effect of any concentrations of credit and changes in the level of such concentrations; and the effect of other external factors such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements on the level of estimated credit losses in the Company's existing portfolio.

Management has determined that the current level of the allowance for loan losses is adequate in relation to the probable and reasonably estimable losses present in the portfolio. While management uses available information to recognize probable and reasonably estimable losses on loans, future additions to the allowance may be necessary and management may need to record loan charge-offs in future periods. Changes in estimates could result in a material change in the allowance. In addition, various regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the Company's allowance for loan losses and may require the Company to recognize additions to the allowance based on their judgments about information available to them at the time of their examination. (See also Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates contained herein).

ASSET QUALITY March 31, 2023 versus September 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

	As of or for the three months ended					nded
		3/31/2023		9/30/2022		3/31/2022
Non-accrual loans	\$	10,317	\$	12,281	\$	10,470
Non-accrual loans held for sale						
Loans greater than 90 days past due		714		1,231		1,483
Other real estate owned						
Total non-performing assets ⁽¹⁾	\$	11,031	\$	13,512	\$	11,953
Performing TDRs	\$	1,758	\$	2,370	\$	1,336
Loans held for sale		_		_		
Loans held for investment		1,787,365		1,623,531		1,289,041
Allowance for loan losses:						
Beginning balance	\$	14,404	\$	10,886	\$	9,386
Provision		932		2,050		500
Charge-offs		(457)		(92)		
Recoveries		—				—
Ending balance	\$	14,879	\$	12,844	\$	9,886
Allowance for loan losses as a % of total loans ⁽²⁾		0.83 %	6	0.79 %	6	0.77 %
Allowance for loan losses as a % of non-accrual loans ⁽²⁾		144 %	6	105 %	6	94 %
Non-accrual loans as a % of total loans ⁽²⁾		0.58 %	6	0.76 %	6	0.81 %
Non-performing assets as a % of total loans, loans held for sale and other real estate owned		0.62 %	%	0.83 %	6	0.93 %
Non-performing assets as a % of total assets		0.53 %	6	0.73 %	6	0.81 %
Non-performing assets and performing TDRs, to total loans held for sale and investment		0.72 %	6	0.98 %	6	1.03 %

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing assets defined as non-accrual loans, non-accrual loans held for sale, loans greater than 90 days past due and other real estate owned.

⁽²⁾ Excludes loans held for sale.

ITEM 3. - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company originates and invests in interest-earning assets and solicits interest-bearing deposit accounts. The Company's operations are subject to market risk resulting from fluctuations in interest rates to the extent that there is a difference between the amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities that are prepaid, withdrawn, matured or repriced in any given period of time. The Company's earnings or the net value of its portfolio will change under different interest rate scenarios. The principal objective of the Company's asset/liability management program is to maximize net interest income within an acceptable range of overall risk, including both the effect of changes in interest rates and liquidity risk.

The Company utilizes a number of strategies to manage interest rate risk including, but not limited to: (i) balancing the types and structures of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities by diversifying mix, coupons, maturities and/or repricing characteristics, and (ii) reducing the overall interest rate sensitivity of liabilities by emphasizing core and/or longer-term deposits; utilizing FHLB advances and wholesale deposits for our interest rate risk profile.

The following presents the Company's economic value of equity ("EVE") and net interest income ("NII") sensitivities at March 31,2023 (dollars in thousands). The results are within the Company's policy limits.

	At March 31, 2023										
Interest Rates	Estimated	Estimated Change in EVE Interest R		Interest Rates	Estimated	Estimated Chang	ge in NII ⁽¹⁾				
(basis points)	EVE	Amount	%	(basis points)	NII ⁽¹⁾	Amount	%				
+400	\$ 80,350	\$ (88,446)	(52.4)	+400	\$ 42,677	\$ (10,139)	(19.2)				
+300	100,871	(67,925)	(40.2)	+300	45,196	(7,620)	(14.4)				
+200	122,406	(46,390)	(27.5)	+200	47,774	(5,042)	(9.5)				
+100	146,502	(22,294)	(13.2)	+100	50,369	(2,447)	(4.6)				
0	168,796			0	52,816						
-100	186,694	17,898	10.6	-100	55,143	2,327	4.4				

(1) Assumes 12 month time horizon.

Certain model limitations are inherent in the methodology used in the EVE and net interest income measurements. The models require the making of certain assumptions which may tend to oversimplify the way actual yields and costs respond to changes in market interest rates. The models assume that the composition of the Company's interest sensitive assets and liabilities existing at the beginning of a period remain constant over the period being measured, thus they do not consider the Company's strategic plans, or any other steps it may take to respond to changes in rates over the forecasted period of time. Additionally, the models assume immediate changes in interest rates, based on yield curves as of a point-in-time, which are reflected in a parallel, instantaneous and uniform manner across all yield curves, when in reality changes may rarely be of this nature. The models also utilize data derived from historical performance and as interest rates change the actual performance of loan prepayments, rate sensitivities, and average life assumptions may deviate from assumptions utilized in the models and can impact the results. Accordingly, although the above measurements are not intended to provide a precise forecast of the effect of changes in market interest rates. Given the unique nature of the post-pandemic interest rate environment and the speed with which interest rates have been changing, the projections noted above on the Company's EVE and net interest income and can be expected to differ from actual results.

ITEM 4. – CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in the Company's periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date the Company carried out its evaluation.

There were no changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not subject to any legal proceedings, which could have a materially adverse impact on its results of operations and financial condition.

ITEM 1A. – RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risks disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission other than as described below.

Risks Related to Recent Events Impacting the Financial Services Industry

Recent events impacting the financial services industry, including the failure of Silicon Valley Bank and Signature Bank, have resulted in decreased confidence in banks among consumer and commercial depositors, other counterparties and investors, as well as significant disruption, volatility and reduced valuations of equity and other securities of banks in the capital markets. These events occurred during a period of rapidly rising interest rates which, among other things, has resulted in unrealized losses in longer duration securities and loans held by banks, more competition for bank deposits and may increase the risk of a potential recession. These recent events have, and could continue to, adversely impact the market price and volatility of the Company's common stock.

These recent events may also result in potentially adverse changes to laws or regulations governing banks and bank holding companies or result in the impositions of restrictions through supervisory or enforcement activities, including higher capital requirements, which could have a material impact on our business. Inability to access short-term funding, loss of client deposits or changes in our credit ratings could increase the cost of funding, limit access to capital markets or negatively impact our overall liquidity or capitalization. We may be impacted by concerns regarding the soundness or creditworthiness of other financial institutions, which can cause substantial and cascading disruption within the financial markets and increased expenses. The cost of resolving the recent bank failures may prompt the FDIC to increase its premiums above the recently increased levels or to issue additional special assessments.

ITEM 2. - UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. – DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. – MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. – OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.



ITEM 6. – EXHIBITS

- 10.1
 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement by and between Mr. Wilcox and Hanover

 Community Bank (1)
- 31.1
 Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities

 Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2
 Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities

 Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document)
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)
 - (1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 27, 2023

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 12, 2023

Dated: May 12, 2023

HANOVER BANCORP, INC.

/s/ Michael P. Puorro Michael P. Puorro Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

/s/ Lance P. Burke

Lance P. Burke Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) OR 15D-14(A) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael P. Puorro, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hanover Bancorp, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 12, 2023 /s/ Michael P. Puorro Michael P. Puorro Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) OR 15D-14(A) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Lance P. Burke, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hanover Bancorp, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 12, 2023

/s/ Lance P. Burke Lance P. Burke Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael P. Puorro, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer of Hanover Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that: (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 12, 2023 /s/ Michael P. Puorro Michael P. Puorro Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Lance P. Burke, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer of Hanover Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that: (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 12, 2023 /s/ Lance P. Burke Lance P. Burke Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)